

TYPES OF HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE BY AGE
Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population
2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

2015
2014
2013
2012
2011
2010
2009

1 - 66 of 66	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	713,082	+/-1,787
Under 18 years:	185,917	+/-591
With one type of health insurance coverage:	147,243	+/-3,470
With employer-based health insurance only	69,831	+/-4,467
With direct-purchase health insurance only	5,259	+/-1,080
With Medicare coverage only	248	+/-236
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage only	55,957	+/-3,891
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	15,328	+/-2,322
With VA Health Care only	620	+/-630
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	19,009	+/-2,779
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	1,322	+/-759
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	95	+/-140
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	91	+/-72
Other private only combinations	7,745	+/-2,341
Other public only combinations	126	+/-189
Other coverage combinations	9,630	+/-1,722
No health insurance coverage	19,665	+/-2,439
18 to 34 years:	183,408	+/-2,519
With one type of health insurance coverage:	125,208	+/-3,927
With employer-based health insurance only	83,566	+/-3,946
With direct-purchase health insurance only	9,954	+/-1,355
With Medicare coverage only	543	+/-476
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage only	19,341	+/-1,875
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	10,992	+/-1,825
With VA Health Care only	812	+/-874
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	18,351	+/-2,610
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	3,848	+/-1,587
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	214	+/-257
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	767	+/-454
Other private only combinations	6,571	+/-1,584
Other public only combinations	173	+/-169
Other coverage combinations	6,778	+/-1,373
No health insurance coverage	39,849	+/-2,782
35 to 64 years:	273,671	+/-1,718
With one type of health insurance coverage:	196,367	+/-3,620
With employer-based health insurance only	147,220	+/-4,548
With direct-purchase health insurance only	19,745	+/-2,409
With Medicare coverage only	989	+/-341
With Medicaid/means-tested public coverage only	17,593	+/-1,981
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	7,995	+/-1,610
With VA Health Care only	2,825	+/-876
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	31,586	+/-2,548
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	4,379	+/-1,102
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	941	+/-442
With direct-purchase and Medicare coverage	206	+/-157
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	3,878	+/-1,014
Other private only combinations	5,925	+/-1,422
Other public only combinations	776	+/-421
Other coverage combinations	15,481	+/-1,964
No health insurance coverage	45,718	+/-2,817
65 years and over:	70,086	+/-1,161
With one type of health insurance coverage:	16,088	+/-1,699
With employer-based health insurance only	1,910	+/-578
With direct-purchase health insurance only	293	+/-181
With Medicare coverage only	13,624	+/-1,535
With TRICARE/military health coverage only	88	+/-100
With VA Health Care only	173	+/-133
With two or more types of health insurance coverage:	53,264	+/-1,994
With employer-based and direct-purchase coverage	43	+/-50
With employer-based and Medicare coverage	20,000	+/-1,949
With direct-purchase and Medicare coverage	5,645	+/-1,147
With Medicare and Medicaid/means-tested public coverage	8,035	+/-1,622
Other private only combinations	124	+/-168
Other public only combinations	2,572	+/-732
Other coverage combinations	16,845	+/-1,887
No health insurance coverage	734	+/-326

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An **** entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An **** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An ***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added as of 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2010/demo/coverage_edits_final.html for more details. The 2008 data table in American FactFinder does not incorporate these edits. Therefore, the estimates that appear in these tables are not comparable to the estimates in the 2009 and later tables. Select geographies of 2008 data comparable to the 2009 and later tables are available at <http://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/acs/1-year-re-run-health-insurance.html>. The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See http://www.census.gov/topics/health/health-insurance/about/glossary.html#par_textimage_18 for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.